

# Challenges of Quantum Process Characterization

Shelby Kimmel

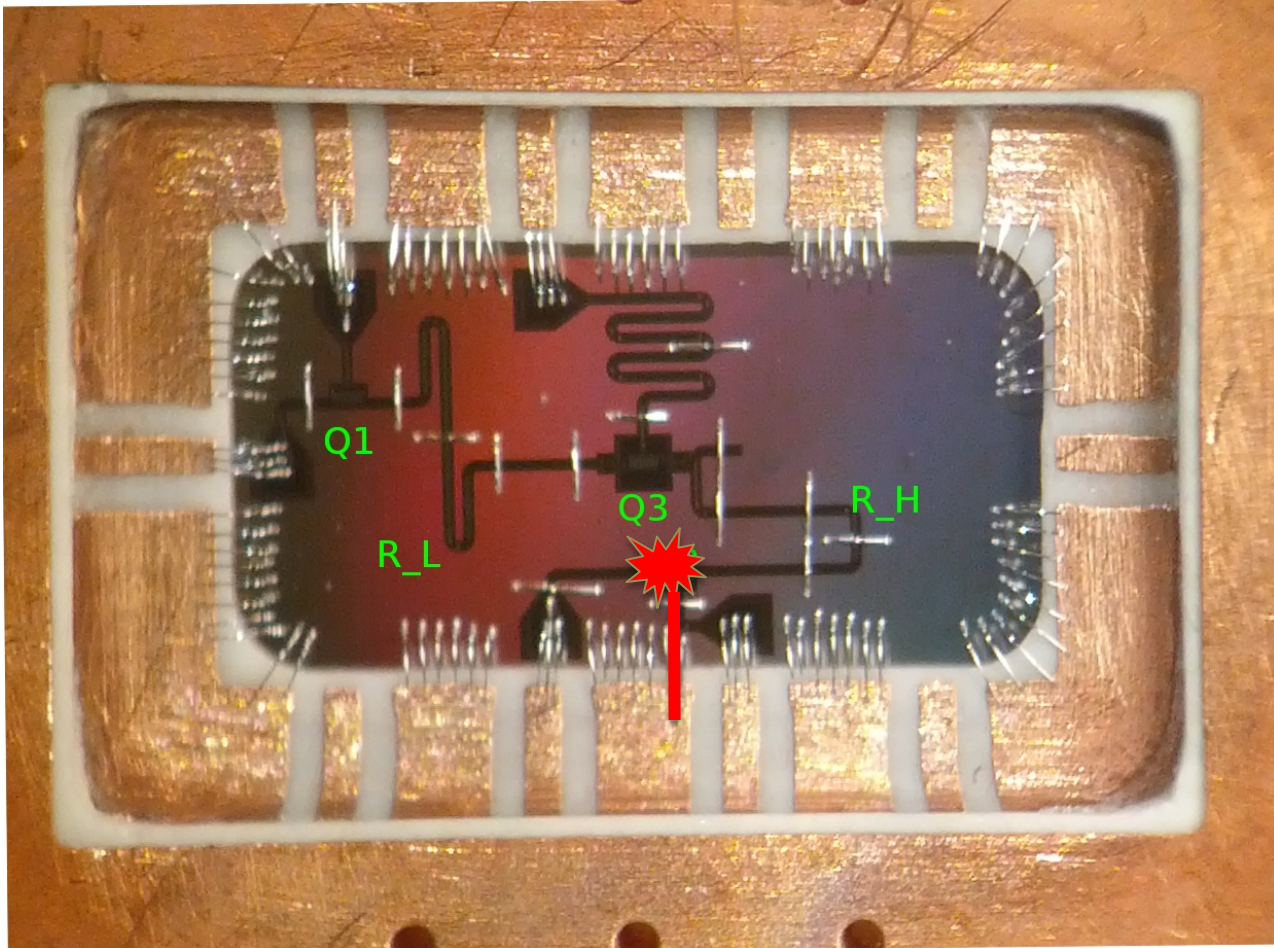
MIT

Marcus Silva

Raytheon BBN Technologies

CUA Pizza Talk October 26<sup>th</sup>, 2012

# Quantum Device



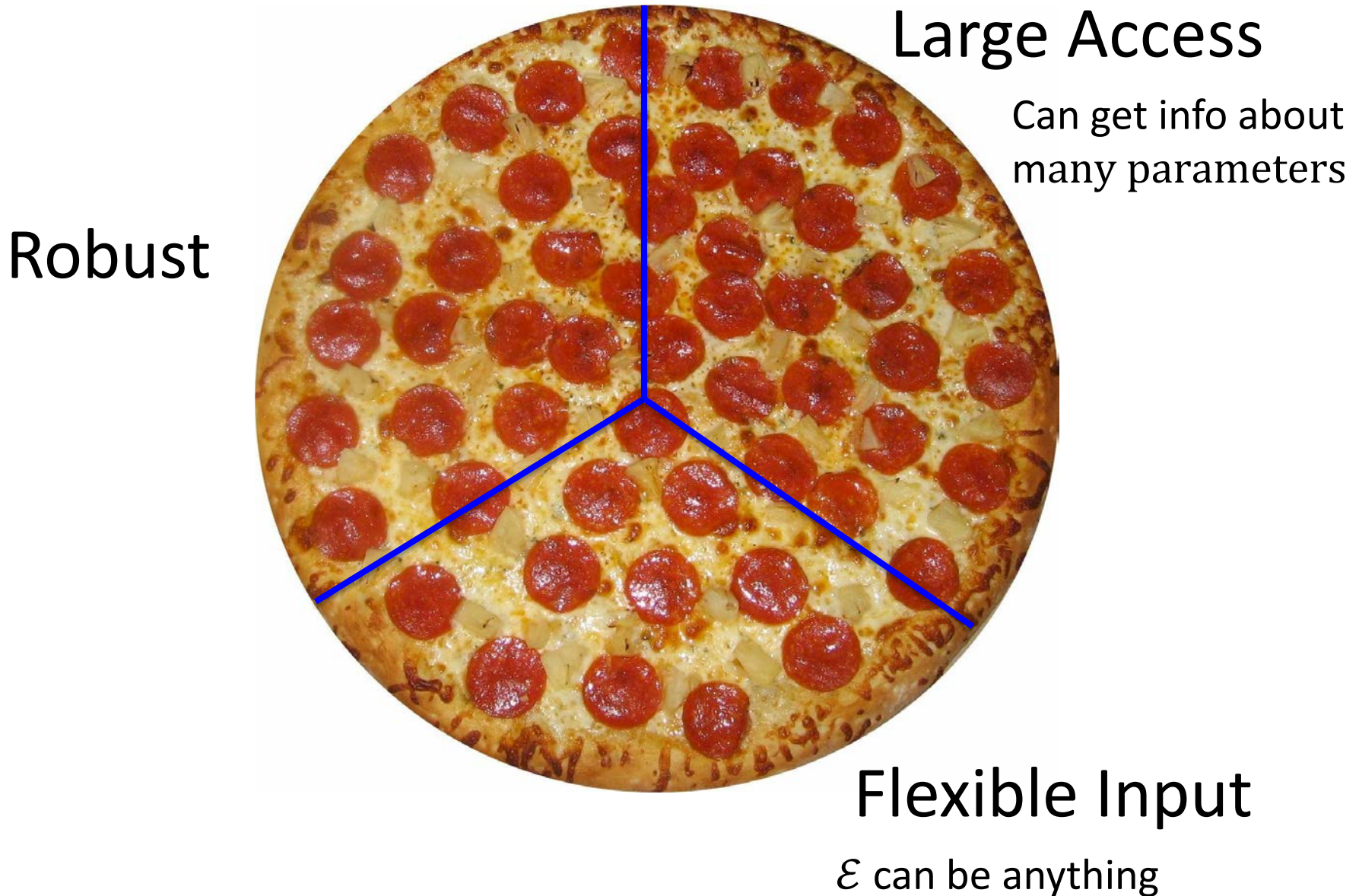
# Quantum Process Characterization

$$\mathcal{E} = ?$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\rho) = \sum_i A_i \rho A_i^\dagger \quad \sum_i A_i^\dagger A_i = \mathbb{I}$$

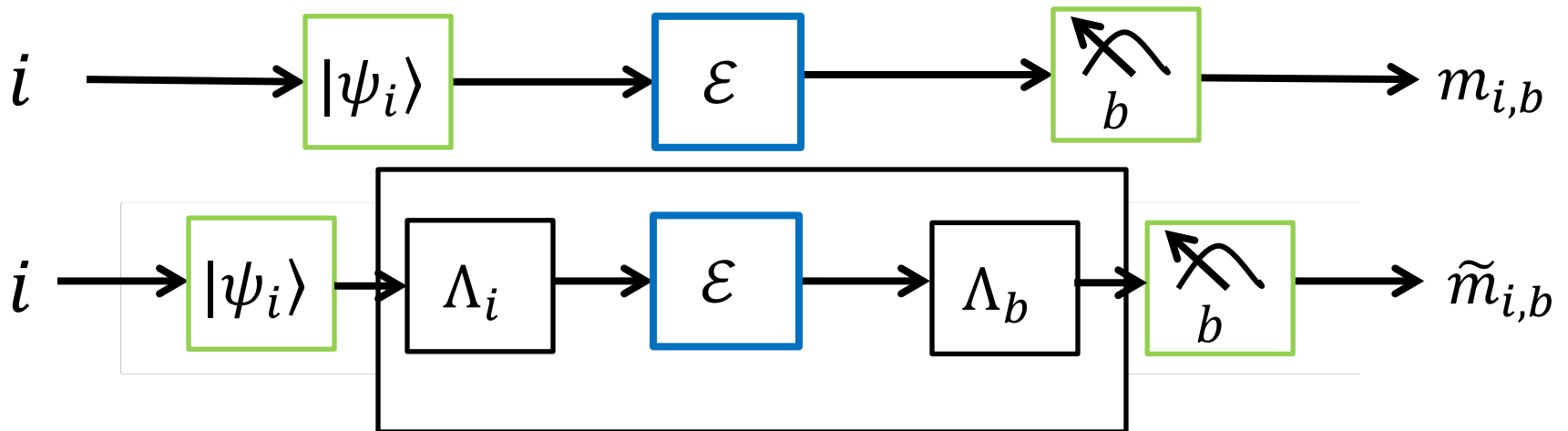
For operation on  $n$  qubits,  $16^n - 4^n$  free parameters.

# Ideal Process Characterization

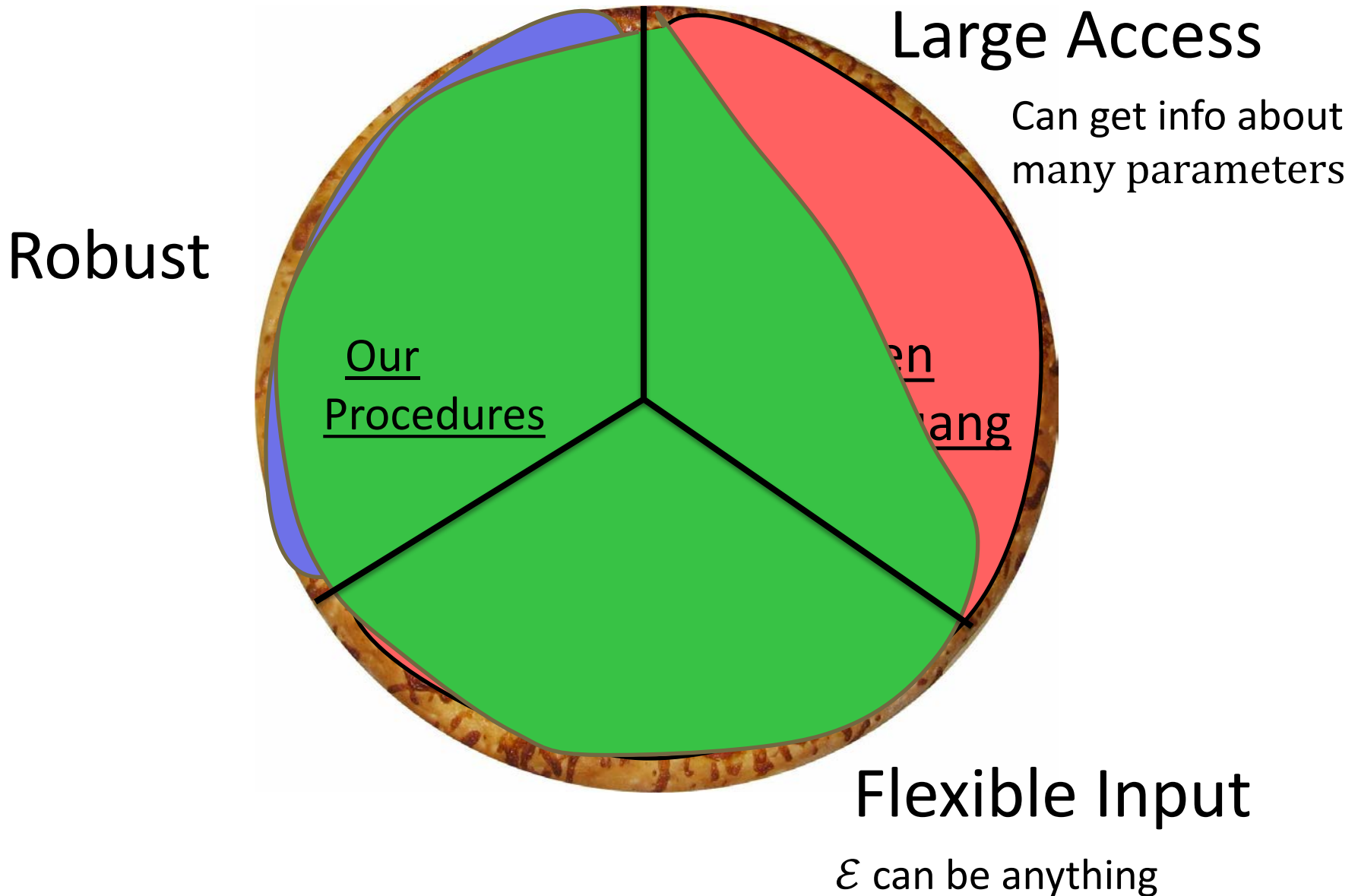


# Robust Characterization

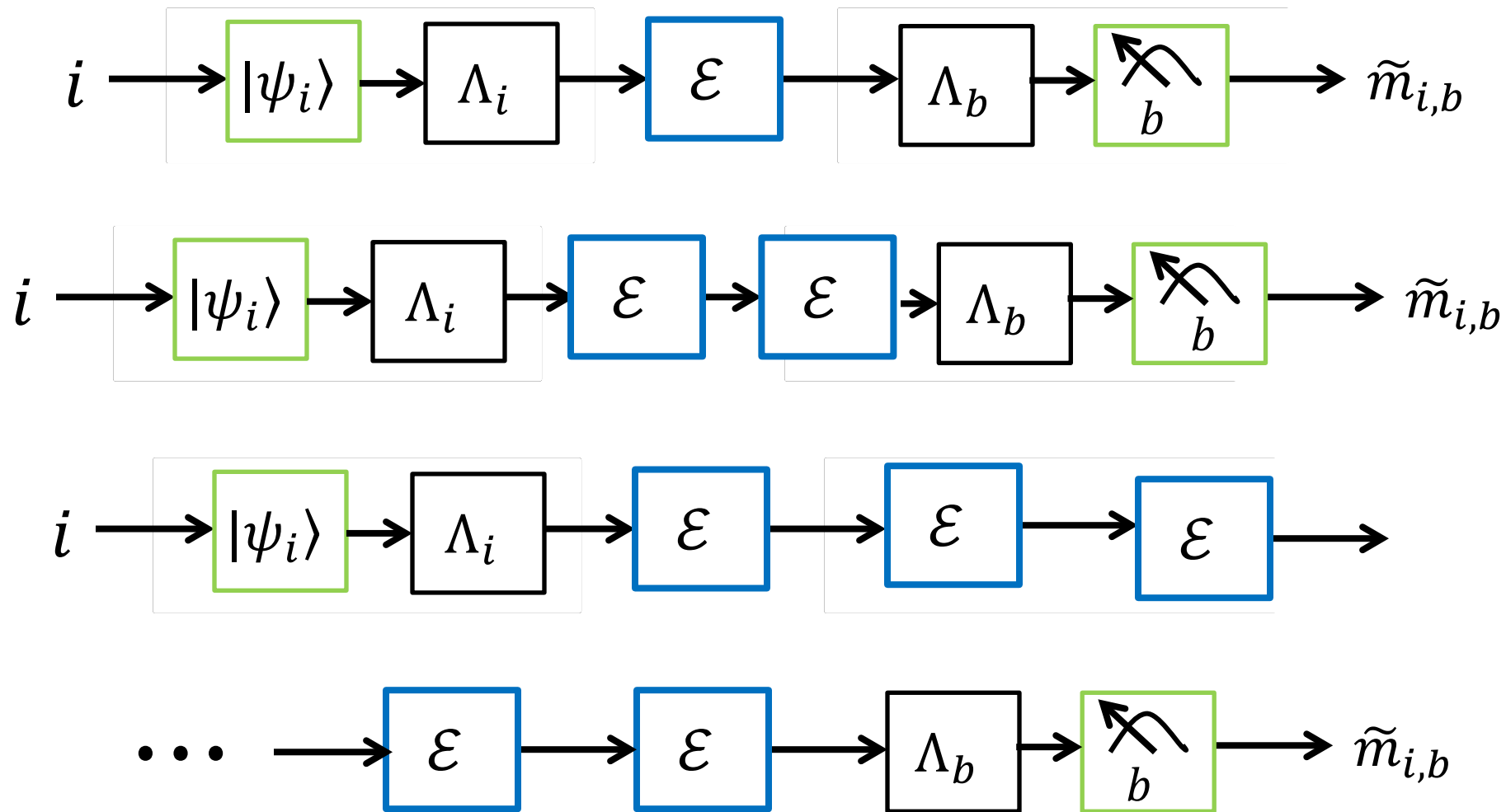
Accessing process involves preparing a state, and a measurement



# Ideal Process Characterization

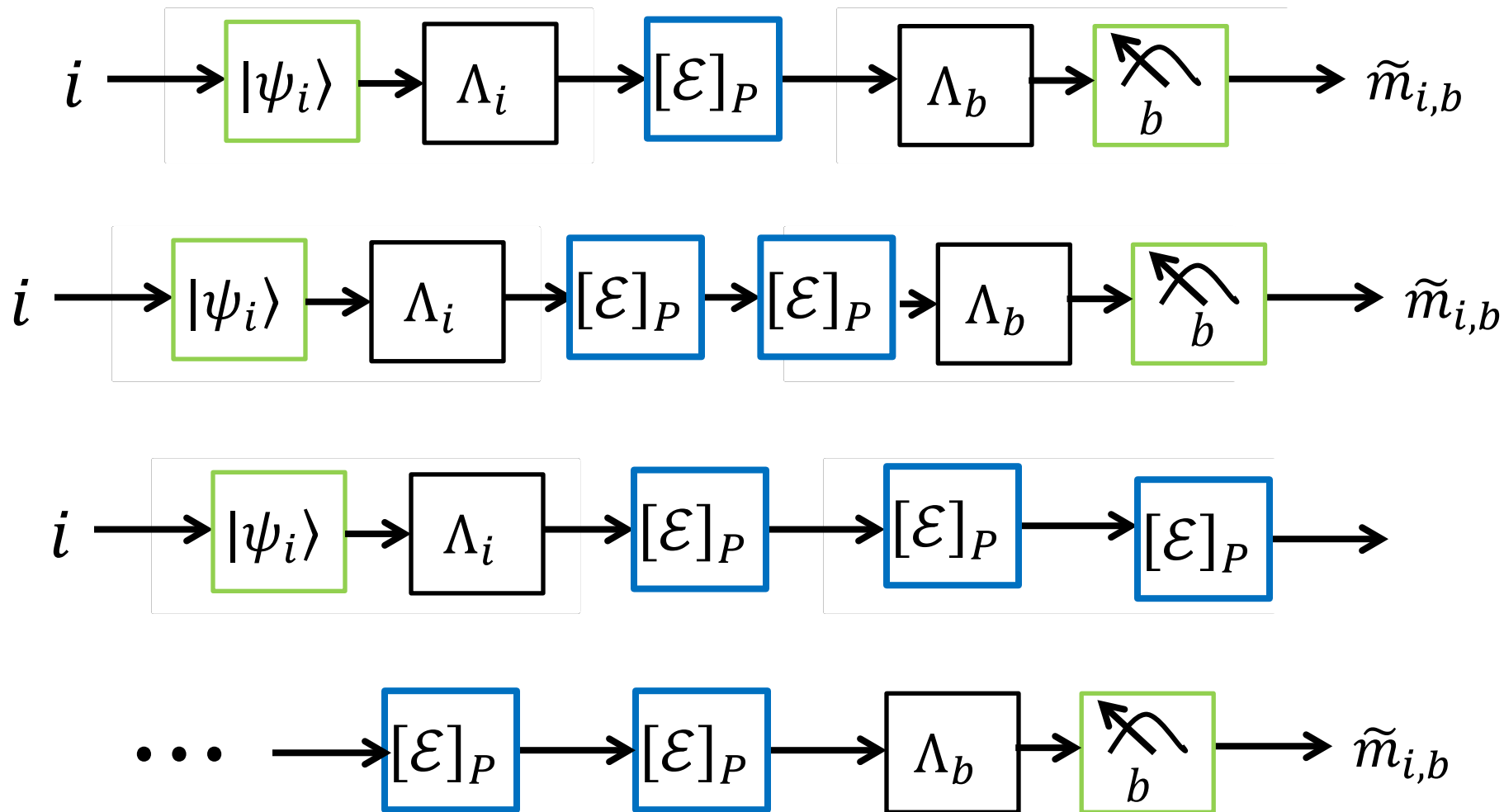


# Robust



# Robust Cont.

$[\mathcal{E}]_P$  = Pauli Twirl = “Averaged” Version of  $\mathcal{E}$

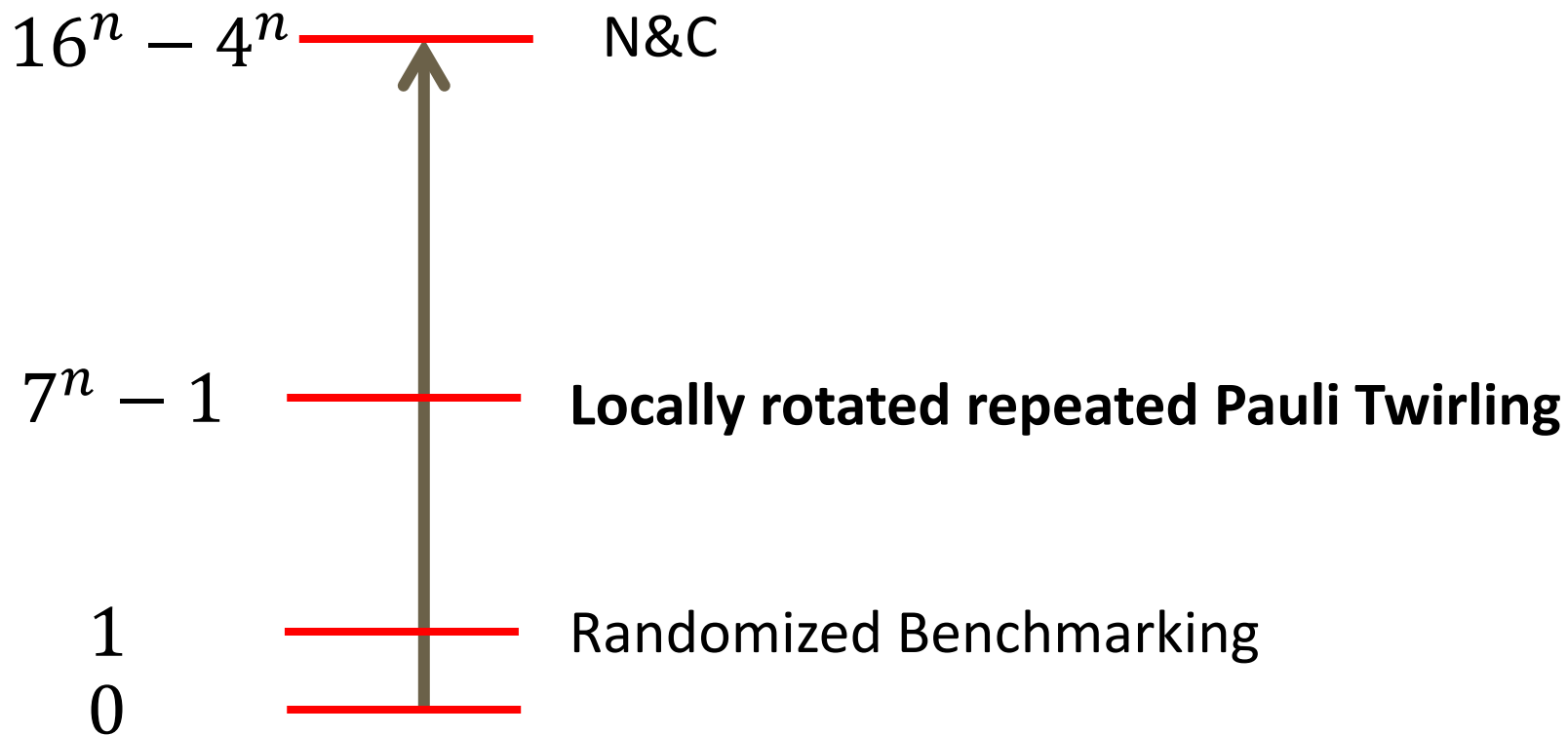




# Large Access

$n$  qubits:

# accessible parameters



# To Do/Open Questions

- Implement!
- Get better trade offs between robustness and number of accessible parameters?

# Thank you!

- Questions?

# $\chi$ Matrix Examples

$$\mathcal{E}(\rho) = \sum_{i,j=1}^{4^n} \chi_{i,j} P_i \rho P_j$$

Identity:  $\chi_{I,I} = 1$ , all other  $\chi_{i,j}=0$

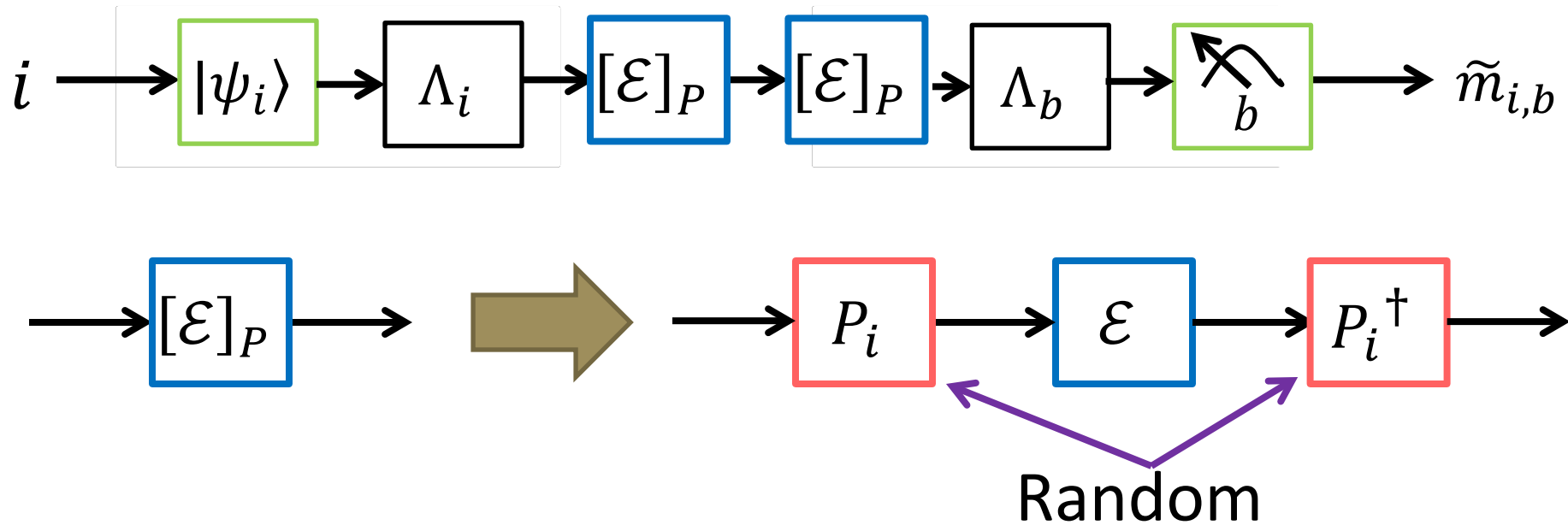
Hadamard:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\chi_{X,X} = \chi_{Z,X} = \chi_{X,Z} = \chi_{Z,Z} = \frac{1}{2}$ , all other  $\chi_{i,j}=0$

# Easy Implementation



Repeat each sequence a constant number of times:



All Pauli Operations are Local!

Not perfect Paulis – but we can bound the effect of these errors